



Research and **Special Programs** Administration

400 Seventh Street, S.W. Washington, D.C., 20690

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Mr. Ray Reid Vice President and General Manager Arkla Division Reliant Energy Arkla, Inc. P. O. Box 751 Little Rock, AR 75501

RE: CPF No. 2-2001-0002

Dear Mr. Reid:

Enclosed is the Final Order issued by the Associate Administrator for Pipeline Safety in the above-referenced case. It makes a finding of violation and assesses a civil penalty of \$25,000. The penalty payment terms are set forth in the Final Order. Your receipt of the Final Order constitutes service of that document under 49 C.F.R. §190.5.

Sincerely,

Gwendolyn M. Hill

Pipeline Compliance Registry

Office of Pipeline Safety

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION RESEARCH AND SPECIAL PROGRAMS ADMINISTRATION WASHINGTON, DC 20590

In the Matter of	<u> </u>
Reliant Energy Arkla, Inc.	CPF No. 2-2001-0003
Respondent.	<u> </u>

FINAL ORDER

On November 13, 2000, pursuant to 49 U.S.C. § 60117, a representative of the Southern Region. Office of Pipeline Safety (OPS) initiated an investigation of an incident involving a pipeline operated by Reliant Energy Arkla, Inc.(Respondent). Respondent failed to give timely telephonic notification to the National Response Center of an explosion that occurred in Lamar, Arkansas on November 6, 2000. The Director, Southern Region, OPS, issued to Respondent, by letter dated January 22, 2001, a Notice of Probable Violation and Proposed Civil Penalty (Notice). In accordance with 49 C.F.R. § 190.207, the Notice proposed finding that Respondent violated 49 C.F.R. § 191.5 and proposed assessing a civil penalty of \$25.000 for the alleged violation.

In a letter dated February 16, 2001, Respondent submitted a Response to the Notice. Respondent did not contest the allegations of violation but offered an explanation and requested reconsideration of the proposed civil penalty. Respondent did not request a hearing and therefore, has waived its right to one.

FINDINGS OF VIOLATION

The Notice alleges that Respondent violated 49 C.F.R. § 191.5, as Respondent failed to give telephonic notification to the National Response Center (NRC), at the earliest practicable moment, of an incident that occurred on November 6, 2000 on their system in Lamar, Arkansas. The incident an explosion, occurred at 229 Elberta Street in Lamar, Arkansas and resulted in the death of one person, the injury of another and property damage. Respondent did not notify the NRC until 2:53 p.m. on November 13, 2000, approximately 168 hours after the accident occurred.

Respondent did not contest the alleged violation but explained that it reported the incident to the Arkansas Public Service Commission (Commission) "in a timely manner" with the belief that the Commission would pass the information on. Respondent further explained that upon discovering that the report to the Commission did not satisfy the requirements of Section 191.5, it made the required notification to the NRC. 49 C.F.R. §190.11 provides for informal guidance and interpretive assistance about compliance with pipeline safety regulations, 49 CFR parts 190-199. If

Respondent needs clarification, information on, and advice about compliance with pipeline safety regulations, then Respondent should take advantage of §190.11 to resolve mistaken beliefs. Respondent's mistaken beliefs do not negate the fact that a violation occurred. Respondent has not shown any circumstance that justifies the failure to report to the NRC in a timely manner. Accordingly, I find Respondent violated 49 C.F.R. §191.5 by failing to give telephonic notification to the National Response Center, at the earliest practicable moment, following discovery of an incident.

This finding of violation will be considered a prior offense in any subsequent enforcement action taken against Respondent.

ASSESSMENT OF PENALTY

Under 49 U.S.C. § 60122, Respondent is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 per violation for each day of the violation up to a maximum of \$500,000 for any related series of violations. The Notice proposed assessing a penalty of \$25,000 for violation of 49 C.F.R. § 191.5.

49 U.S.C. § 60122 and 49 C.F.R. § 190.225 require that, in determining the amount of the civil penalty, I consider the following criteria: nature, circumstances, and gravity of the violation, degree of Respondent's culpability, history of Respondent's prior offenses, Respondent's ability to pay the penalty, good faith by Respondent in attempting to achieve compliance, the effect on Respondent's ability to continue in business, and such other matters as justice may require.

Respondent requested reconsideration of the proposed civil penalty due to the unintentional nature of the probable violation. Most violations are probably not intended. Respondent relies entirely on its own misinterpretation rather than on a series of mishaps that prevented its compliance. OPS's ability to consider the need for corrective action and/or mitigate potential safety problems is severely hampered by untimely telephonic notification of an incident. Respondent did not notify the NRC until approximately 168 hours after the accident occurred. Given the length of time of the violation, the proposed amount of the civil penalty is modest. Accordingly, having reviewed the record and considered the assessment criteria, I assess Respondent a civil penalty of \$25,000. A determination has been made that Respondent has the ability to pay this penalty without adversely affecting its ability to continue business.

Payment of the civil penalty must be made within 20 days of service. Payment can be made by sending a certified check or money order (containing the CPF Number for this case) payable to "U.S. Department of Transportation" to the Federal Aviation Administration, Mike Monroney Aeronautical Center, Financial Operations Division (AMZ-320), P.O. Box 25770, Oklahoma City, OK 73125.

Federal regulations (49 C.F.R. § 89.21(b)(3)) also permit this payment to be made by wire transfer, through the Federal Reserve Communications System (Fedwire), to the account of the U.S. Treasury. Detailed instructions are contained in the enclosure. After completing the wire transfer.

send a copy of the electronic funds transfer receipt to the Office of the Chief Counsel (DCC-1). Research and Special Programs Administration, Room 8407, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW. Washington, DC 20590-0001.

Questions concerning wire transfers should be directed to: Financial Operations Division (AMZ-120), Federal Aviation Administration, Mike Monroney Aeronautical Center, P.O. Box 25770, Oklahoma City, OK 73125; (405) 954-4719.

Failure to pay the \$25,000 civil penalty will result in accrual of interest at the current annual rate in accordance with 31 U.S.C. § 3717, 31 C.F.R. § 901.9 and 49 C.F.R. § 89.23. Pursuant to those same authorities, a late penalty charge of six percent (6%) per annum will be charged if payment is not made within 110 days of service. Furthermore, failure to pay the civil penalty may result in referral of the matter to the Attorney General for appropriate action in an United States District Court

Under 49 C.F.R. § 190.215, Respondent has a right to petition for reconsideration of this Final Order. The petition must be received within 20 days of Respondent's receipt of this Final Order and must contain a brief statement of the issue(s). The filing of the petition automatically stays the payment of any civil penalty assessed. All other terms of the order, including any required corrective action, shall remain in full effect unless the Associate Administrator, upon request, grants a stay. The terms and conditions of this Final Order are effective upon receipt.

Failure to comply with this Final Order may result in the assessment of civil penalties of up to \$25,000 per violation per day, or in the referral of the case for judicial enforcement.

Stacy Gerardi

Associate Administrator for Pipeline Safety Date Issued